VOL. I.-NUMBER 69.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 12, 1884.

PRICE 2 CENTS

THURSDAY'S CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS IN BOTH HOUSES.

Legislation to Prevent Collisions Asked For-The Spanish Treaty-Oregon Central Railroad,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11 .- The chair laid bere the Senate to-day a message from the sident transmitting a report from the retary of State showing the necessity for ediate legislation to prevent collisions tea, Referred. Mr. Van Wyck (Neb.) of-Por immediate consideration a resolum providing for consideration of the Span-

sh treaty in open session. Mr. Wilson (Ia.) objected, and the matter went over one day. On motion of Mr. Coke the bill providing for the improvement of Galveston harbor was made a special order for Jan. 8.

The regular order—the bill forfeiting the lands granted for the construction of the Oregon Cantral Railroad was then taken up. The amendment offered by Mr. Plumb yesterday repealing the act of March 3, 1875, providing that any actual settler upon railroad lands who shall have actually paid for the same, and which lands are subsequently forfeited to the United States, shall have the right to locate an amount equal to the the to locate an amount equal to the

opted; year 23, nays 11. Mr. Morgan, referring to the fact dis-losed in the debate that there was a mort-age and deed of trust on the lands proposed to be forfeited, contended that the United had no power to confiscate these roperty rights without first submitting the natter to the courts by a bill of interpleader. Is moved to recommit the bill. Mr. Blair and Mr. Lapham supported this motion and leases. Van Wyck and Slater opposed it. Vithout reaching a vote, at 2 o'clock the senate resumed consideration of the uninterplant basiness which was the bill to divide shed business, which was the bill to divide he territory of Dakota and to admit the outhern half into the Union as a state.

The House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11. - Mr. Hancock Tex.le from the Appropriation Committee orted the pension appropriation bill to

he House; ordered printed. The Inter-State Commerce bill came up as nfinished business. Mr. Glasscock (Cal.) apported the Reagan substitute. Mr. Dunn Ark.) favored the bill of the committee th the commission striken out.

WITHOUT FOUNDATION.

Granville Hopes for Peace Between France and China.

Dec. 11 .- A reporter of the United lay in regard to the report from Paris that | did ganville, British Foreign Minister, had inormed Premier Ferry that the English netiations with China with a view to settling he Franco-Chinese difficulty amicably have A Decision Rendered Averse to the d in failure, learned on good authority out the report was without foundation. Earl ranville in conversation with a well-known mber of Parliamentary to-day, expressed es of an early adjustment of the difficulty. L Waddington leaves for Paris this evening nd it is expected that immediately after remise Ferry has been informed of the re-lit of Waddington's interviews with Gran-ille and the Marquis Tseng an official an-cuncement will be made of the successful rmination of the negotiation.

A Terrific Explosion.

Sr. Louis, Dec. 11 .- At 11 o'clock to-night n immense gas tank exploded with terrific orce at the corner of Fourteenth and Gratiot reets. The concussion was so great that shook the houses in the vicinity. Several ple were knocked down, but no one was ured. The burning gas illuminated the cked to the scene. The fire department e called out, but could do nothing. Loss

Dissolved Partnership.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11 .- The pooling arrangeent which has for some time past existed tween the Bankers and Merchants and stal Telegraph companies not having orked satisfactory to either party, has toy been dissolved by mutual consent. ere will be a complete separation of busiinterests at points where the offices of companies have been merged together, soon as new offices can be secured.

Malicious Prosecution.

LINY, Mich., Dec. 11.-This morning W. Fralich, the young man arrested for larw at the instance of the proprietors of Eddy Printing and Publishing house Satsieday, and discharged Monday, comred a suit against that concern for marosecution, placing damages at The case is exciting much inand public sympathy is with the

Another Attempted Tragedy.

casos, Mich., Dec. 11 .- At an early this morning Silas Sanders, a colored who has been married but two months, is one of the long list of witnesses in the against Dan Holcomb, attempted to saicide by cutting his throat. He ed two long gashes in his neck, but man Lawson prevented him from matters any worse. His wounds twed up and he was sent home.

Mackin et al. Arrested.

case, Dec. II.-In the Federal court this afternoon the Grand Jury returned tments against the following persons Leman Brand election fraud: Joseph kin, Arthur Glesson, Henry Biehl, Dr. sact, D. P. Shields, E. D. Kelly and r Hansborough. All were arrested to-t. Glesson and Riehl are assistants in aty Clerk's office and Hansborough

Gave What He Had.

nen, Mo., Doc. II .- Jecome Blanton, own farmer, was met yesterday on ad teack by two tramps armed with demanded Blanton's money or his what I've got," but instead of w from his pocket a ravolver with hot one man dead, the other fired mes in the shootdar and escaped.

Groceries Saized.

Mich., Dec. 11. Scoor, Benlan edo, seized the grocery stock this morning upon a chattel Boss has been in business less vair, having succeeded Robbins & Last Murch. He has universal symJACKSON'S MURDER CASE.

A Glass Jar and a Jar Between the Lawyers.

Jackson, Mich., Dec. 11.-This morning Judge Gridley asked for and was handed a a list of the papers in Witness Allen's possession which were dug up in the glass jar by "Detective" Gunn, Henry Holcomb, et al.

H. A. Smith, of Eaton Rapids, sworn: At the time of the death of Jacob Crouch, witness said he owed Crouch several hundred dollars on a note. After the murders Dan Holcomb had the note, and wrote and said so. Witness had not seen it lately. Five

hundred was due on this note. Turnkey Evans testified that he was pres-

allowed the counsel to discuss the question about the papers.

Allen left the stand and Sheriff Winney was put on and produced the glass jar containing the papers when they were dug up. The court was looking at these when the 12 o'clock adjournment came. The papers which Henry Holcomb tried to put on to Harrington while he (Harrington) was in jail in Mason cannot be found now. There were half a dozen of them.

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Jackson, Mich., Dec. 11.—It Holcomb's trial the principal part of to-day was spent in arguments on the admissibility of Joseph Allen's testimony as to whether any papers found on Allen had come from the Crouch house and were taken by Holcomb the day after the murder. Harrington was recalled, and testified to Fay's showing a 38-calibre revolver when he wanted the "job" done. J. O. Smith swore that Crouch had the witness' note for \$500. Holcomb had the note after the murder. Turnkey Evans said that Holcomb sent for the man of whom he claimed to have bought the revolver in Lansing. The man did not remember Holcomb, and said his book did not show the sale. Alexander Brown said he was at the Crouch house when Holcomb, Foy and Judd were there. Foy had a letter, and Holcomb said: "Foy, burn that letter; if detectives get hold of that they will send you to State's prison, and we can't save you. You may be innocent as a bird; but now, Jim, if you know anything about it tell us. Do you know who did it?" Foy waited a while, but finally said: "I know nothing." This was about a month after the tragedy. The court ress, in seeking for further information to- a month after the tragedy. The court in regard to the report from Paris that did not decide as to the relevency of Allen's testimony about the papers.

LOTTERIES AND THE MAILS.

United States.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 11 .- In the case of the United States vs. S. B. Mason, involving the individual right to send lottery tickets through the mails by the purchaser, Judge Hughes had decided against the United States. The facts were as follows: Mason purchased a ticket which drew a prize, and assuming a fictitious name, wrote to the agent of the lottery company. This letter, under Postmaster-General Gresham's recent order, was sent to the Dead-Letter Office in Washington, to which point it was traced by the United States Inspector and opened, and by correspondence with the fictitious writer of the letter Mason's identity was established. Subsequently the letter was pre-sented to the Grand Jury at Richmond and Mason was indicted. The case was presented for trial with the results stated. The court held that Mason, who was not an agent or vender for the lottery, had a perfect right to use the mails. This case is unique in the fact that for the first time in the history of the government the sanctity of the mails was violated by opening a letter, upon which was based solely the indictment against Mason.

BAYARD AND THE CABINET.

Twenty Democrats Who Disbelieve What He Says.

Washington, Dec. 11 .- "Do not connect my name with the statement," said a leading Southern Senator, "but you can say positively that Mr. Bayard has been offered the place of Secretary of State in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. Mr. Bayard's visit to Albany last Sunday was in response to a letter of invitation from Mr. Cleveland. It is an open secret among a number of Senators that the purpose of the invitation was a personal opportunity to tender a cabinet place to Bayard. Of course Senator Bayard cannot acknowledge the truth of this at this early day; but, depend on it, he now has the tender un-der consideration. It is not unlikely that he will be the successor of Secretary Freling-huysen." At least twenty leading Democrats in Congress were asked their opinion about the matter. All agreed that though Senator Bayard denies it, he has been offerad a cabinet position.

Suicide of a Naval Officer.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Dec. 11.-Commander Equipment Office at Portsmouth pavy yard. was found dead in the ship house at the navy yard about 8 o'clock to-night. He had shot himself through the head while tem-porarily insane. Greene was executive officer of the Monitor at the time of the famous duel with the Merrimac, and com-manded the Monitor afterward.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Renben R. Springer, the Cincinnati phil-anthropist, died suddenly Wednesday morn-

A. B. Wheeler, who invented the Wheeler

& Wilson sewing machine, was placed in an insane asylum Wednesday. For the year ended Septembar 30 the New York Central Road earned, net, \$10,000,000, and paid more than \$7,000,000 in dividends. Miss Mary E. Caldwell, whose sister has

university, has signed her check for the amount for the same purposes. smanded Blanton's money or his barrelled, "Don't murder me, League Club, was arrested Wednesday at New York for persuading a citizen to for Cleveland under an assumed name.

already given \$300,000 for a new Catholic

Michael William Balfe, the alleged son of the famous composer, charged with assault-ing his landiady, was discharged Wednesday at New York. Balfe works as a gas-fitter, but his daughter is said to be heiress to

In a prize-fight for \$20 a side, at Dubuque Wednesday, a farmer (name unknown) defeated one Curley, a salson-keeper, who is believed to be fatally injured. The farmer fainted during the combat, but was revived and achieved a victory.

VIOLENT COAL MINERS.

SERIOUS TROUBLE IN WISCONSIN

Great Excitement Prevailing at Angus -The Militia Called Out by the Governor.

DESMOINES, Ia., Dec. 11.-Great excitement prevails at Angus on account of striking coal miners. Telegrams were received by the Governor and Mayor asking for help in case of trouble. The Governor ordered the militia to hold themselves in readiness.

Turnkey Evans testified that he was present when the Lansing postol dealer called at the jail here to see Holcomb, but couldn't remember Holcomb, and the books showed no sale at the time Dan claimed he bought the weapon: the pistol might have been sold and overlooked.

Joseph Allen was recalled, and Attorney Frazer, of the defense, took occasion to say the prosecution had all the papers that were in the Holcomb house, and none of them could have been in Holcomb's possession before they were in the bottle. Also that Holcomb took them from the Crouch house himself. Barkworth and Frazer got into a hot wrangle, and as they were spattering at each other the judge said he did not think Witness Allen could give testimony about what was in the bottle, but subsequently allowed the counsel to discuss the question about the papers.

Allen left the stand and Sheriff Winney was put on and produced the glass jar containing the papers when they were day up. The court was looking at these when the 12 o'clock adjournment came. The papers which Henry Holcomb tried to put on to Harrington while he (Harrington) was in jail in Mason cannot be found now. There

armed with shot-guns and small arms which they have bought up in surrounding villages. It looks now as if it would be a serious riot.

A committee of the strikers are here try-ing to persuade the Adjutant General to keep the militia away from Angus, claiming the situation is not so grave as reported. The Adjutant General has decided to hold the troops till morning. The latest from Angus reports that the strikers are surrounding a house with the sheriff and posse and holding them as prisoners.

THE METHODISTS.

Celebrating Their Centennial Conference.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11 .- Bishop Alpheus W. Wilson, of Maryland, M. E. Church, south, occupied the chair at this morning's session of the Methodist Centennial Conference. A large assemblage of spectators listened to the proceedings, which began at 9:30 o'clock. Rev. A. S. Hunt, of the American Bible So-"I know nothing." This was about ciety, led the prayer. Rev. J. Hill offered a resolution calling for a great temperance demonstration during the sitting of the council; referred. Rev. C. B. Galloway presented a resolution that the gates of the New Orlean exposition should be closed on Sun-days. The special order at 10:20 was a redays. The special order at 10:30 was a review of the superintendency of Asbury, and what it did for Methodism. An essay on the subject was read by Col. W. S. Thompson, for the venerable Dr. Boring; a paper was also read on the relations of Wesley to American Methodism, and general discussion tollowed.

In his essay Dr. Boring said the Methodists of America could never fully appreciate the great work of Asbury in this country. He had to labor against prejudices, hardships and the evils that beset the pioneer, but he pressed nobly forward and the result of his labors had grown to the gigantic proportions we see around us to-day. Asbury believed the Lord had commissioned him, and, fired with the zeal which the love of truth and desire to save souls begets, he evinced that heroism which knows no failure.

At 1 o'clock p. m. the conference took a recess until 3 p. m.

The Strike Not Ended.

Peressure, Dec. 11 .- In denial of the failure of the Hocking Valley strike, Secretary Flannery, of the Pittsburg Miners' Association, has submitted the following letter from the correspondent in New Straightsville, Ohio, The letter says: "Use every effort to check the false rumors circulated by our enemies to the effect that the lock-out is over, as such reports are gotten up to cut off our supplies. Our miners are still firm and determined to succeed. Much distress prevails among us, but I am happy to say that encouraging reports are being received from almost every source."

A Baron Married.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 11 .- Baron I. F. Lagerfelt, Swedish Consul of this city, and Miss Mary Doty, of Steubenville, O., were united in marriage in the latter-named city this morning. Baron Lagerfelt is a son of Baron Otto Lagerfelt, the well-known Swedish officer, and a nephew of the colonel of the First Grenadiers of the Royal Swedish Guards. Miss Doty is a daughter of the president of the Jefferson Iron Works. After the ceremony the newly wedded couple left for New Orleans.

A Railroad Smash-Up.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 11 .- A collision occurred at Palestine, O., on the Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad this morning, by which thirteen cars were more or less damaged and S. Dana Greene, of the United States Navy derailed, and one of the engineers was slightly injured. The east-bound train ran into a siding through an open switch. There being but a single track at that point, and requiring considerable time to replace the cars on the track, traffic was interfered with for several hours.

A Wise Proposition.

Berlin, Dec. 11.-The proposition to abolish the slave trade in the Congo country will be submitted to the conference committee at the session to-morrow by Sir Edward Malet, English delegate to the conference. The proposal will be warmly sup-ported by the American delegates, and will look toward the entire abolition of the traffic both on the coast and in the interior.

The Phillips Gold Mine Sold.

Boston, Dec. 11 .- A special from Marquette, Mich., says: "A report comes from Ishpeming that the Phillips gold mine was sold to-day to a syndicate of Chicago and St. Paul capitalists for \$30,000,"

The Crops.

The Agricultural Department at Washingion reports farm products as tending lower in values. The averages price of corn is 30% cents, being highest in Florida (80 cents), and lowest in Nebraska (IS cents). Wheat averages 65 cents, agamss 31 cents a year ago; while the range for oats is 28 cents, the lowest ever reported by the department. The cotton average is between 9 and 35; cents, and for polatoes the farm price is 40 cents per bushel. THE STREET RAILWAY KING.

Superintendent Boynton Has Several Large Contracts Ahead.

Supt. J. W. Boynton has returned from a trip to Indiana, where he has closed a contract for five bundred tons of steel rails for several street railways he has under contract. As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring he will begin the building of seven miles of railroad at South Bend and several miles at Mishawankee. These towns were originally four miles apart, but both are enjoying a steady growth and the suburbs nearly join. Mr. Boynton expects to lay track at the rate of one mile per day when the work is fairly begun. He has eighteen miles of road to build in a Michigan city besides several miles yet to build in Kalamazoo. Boynton is becoming the "street rallway king."

The Hotel Registers.

AT THE RATHBUN.—W. H. Myers, Hillsdale: Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Foster, Allegan; S. Davis, Muskegon: Thomas Cayton, Traverse City; W. M. Osbanel, Ypsilanti; M. E. Clark, Minneapolis; S. M. Austin, Benton Harbor; C. A. Rasman, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Stevens, Detroit; N. O. Gaswold, Stanton: C. S. D. Harraun, Greenville; F. A. Sisson, Freeport; Charles B. Moon, Cedar Springs; James Campbell, Westwood.

Moon, Cedar Springs; James Campbell, Westwood.

At the Morton.—Joe E. Taylor, Philadelphia; Fraik Phillips, Kalamazoo, Mich.; J. W. Kinney, Chicago; C. T. Hills, Muskegon; R. M. Johnson, Mindleville. Mich.; Ben Cronk, Allegan; O. W. Avery, Edmore; T. E. Donnelly, Michigan City, Ind.; A. C. Northrup, Jaxon, W. P. Gray, St. Louis; Alonzo Orne, Boston; Stanley Plummer, Washington; A. F. Bell, Ionia; J. H. Ayres, jr., Boston; W. A. Meyers, St. Louis; J. H. Phillips, O. M. Fisher, Chicago.

At Sweet's—F. Addison, Lowell; W. A. Conklin, John Lowner, Jr., New York; F. A. Gaylord, Ed Buckley, Detroit; M. Adler, C. C. Pickens, New York; L. Dowler, Chicago; A. C. Bowman, Detroit; G. H. Laetrop, Jr., New York; W. H. Guerin, H. D. Badgley, Detroit; J. D. Orton, Three Rivers; L. W. Campbell, Chicago; L. V. Siver, Detroit; E. V. Norton, Boston.

At the Eagle.—Fred N. Foot, Kalamazoo; Sam Hatch, Lowell; W. A. Dewey, Fife Lake; A. Morton, N. Y.; S. A. Sheldon, Omaha; Chas. North, Trent; M. T. Bishop, St. Joe, Mich.; A. S. Boyd, Ft. Wayne; Joseph Beardman, Arkon, O.; R. Shettler, Battle Creek, Mich.; W. J. Redman, Rochester, N. Y.; H. W. Miller, Benton Harbor; J. A. Andrews, Cincinnati; William Beard, Mendon; G. T. Fish, Kalamazoo; Geo. E.

A. Andrews, Cincinnati; William Beard, Mendon; G. T. Fish, Kalamazoo; Geo. E. Stevens, Chicago; G. A. Tapley, Boston; G. W. Baily, Allegan.

More Brand-Leman,

CHICAGO, Dec. 11.—Clerk Biehl publishes a card this afternoon, in which by implication, he charges that Lithur Gleason, first deputy clerk, committed the Leman-Brand ballot larceny for him. The excitement over the case is now increasing.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11. Money closed easy at 11/2 per cent. Exchange closed quiet. Posted rates 4.8114@4.8514; actual rates 4.80%@4.87 for 60 days, and 4.84%@4.85 for demand. Governments closed firm; currency 6's, 126 bid; 4's coupons 1224 bid, 454's do 113% bid. Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 113% to 113%; do, land grants 106% to 1063; do, sinking funds, 118 bid; Centrals, 11234 to 112%. Lackawanna was the feature of the dealings on the stock exchange to-day and recorded some wide fluctuations, and New York Central came next in point of activity. Both stocks were heavily pressed for sale at times, and were used as levers to depress the whole market.

New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11. NEW YORK. Dec. 11.

FLOUR—Dull and without important change.
Superfine, \$2 30@2 85; city mill extra, \$4 25@4 30; round hoop. Ohio, \$2 75@4 90; Southern flour quiet; common to choice extra \$3 00@5 40.

Wheat—Options unsettled, closing after a moderate business, frequent slight fluctuations weak and fractionally lower. Spot lots quiet and weaker but unchanged. Spot sales of No. 2 spring at 80@81c; No. 1 northern at 84c; ungraded winter red at 67@84%c; No. 2 red winter at 81%@85c; No. 2 red state at 84c; No. 2 red winter, 80%c; do January do February 83%c; do March, 85%@85%c.

Some of the state of the state

LARD—Dull and weak; \$7 10 cash; \$6 996;7 00; January, \$7 056;70 7 February. SUGAR—Dull; fair to good refining, 4%64%c. BUTTER—Steady; State 156;27c; Western, 96

Eggs-Moderate demand and steady; Western,

Grand Rapids. TRIEGRAM OFFICE, Dec. 9. GRAIN—Corn, 55c. Onts, 25@28c; retail 35c. Wheat: Clauson, 72: red long berry, 74; short berry, 72. Rye, 56 lbs, 50@28c.

FLOUR AND FEED—Pastry, \$4 30 wholesale; \$5 00 retail; patent, \$5 30 wholesale, \$6 00 retail; mid dlings, per ton, \$10 00 wholesale, \$1 00 per cwt. Rran, per ton, \$13 00 wholesale; 80@90c per cwt. Meal and feed, per ton, \$20 00 wholesale; \$1 10 per cwt.

Cwt.
Phovisions—Beef, per side, \$5 (0666 to. Veals \$6 0009 00, scarce. Lambs \$5 0000 00; minton, \$4 to \$5. Dressed hogs, \$4 10625 00. Pock: Per bbl mess, \$16 00; hams, 14600c; shoulders, 96 10c smoked beef, 18c; bacon, 125c. Vennison 6a20c per lb. Lard: Tierces, 10c kettle,
BUTTER AND CHEESE—Butter: Tube and jars 20c22c; crommery, tubs, 25c. Cheese: Full cream 115c; half cream, 75c.
Poulary—Spring chicken: Alive, 8610c per B. Fowls: Alive, 7638c; dressed, 768c. Turkeys, Alive, 8g10c; dressed, 10611c. Ducks, dressed 10611c.

10611c.
Ecos-Fresh, lots, 22c; basket lots, 22c.
VESETABLES-Potatoes; 25622c; sweet potatoes, oer bid, \$4 5065 00. Onions: Per bu, yellow, Oc; silver skins, Not56c. Bosts, per bu, 25c. labbages, per lundred, \$4 0005 00. Squash, per lundred, 75621 00. Turnips, per bu, 25c. Celery, oer doz, 25625c. Cranberrys, \$6 00 per bu.
Friesh Frittis-Apples, per bu, 256240c. Grapes Kelley Island, 10561254c.
HÖNEY-White clover, 124c; dark, 567c; strain-

Salt Symense, barrel, \$1.25; Saginaw, \$1.10. Smrs - Timothy, \$1.50011 75; clover, \$4.0004 red top, 75011 00. Hipus - Green, per lb, 7c; part cured, 8685; full cursel, 5 16381; dry hides and kips, Seitze; calf akins green or curved, 10c; denoon skins, per pieces.

SEEEP PRITS Shearlings to Summer skins, per ploce, 108 20; fall pelts, 408 50c; Winter pelts, Woos,-Fine washed, 200 22c; course washed 16a Har \$100:12; baled \$14 per ton wholesale: 900

Me per cert.
STRAW-Per loud, \$1654.
STRAW-Per loud, \$1654.
Woon-Hard, selling at \$2.25 per cord for block split wood, \$2.50.
Coal-Store and not, \$5.25 per ton; egg and grave, \$7.60 per ton.
Kanorana-Water white, per gallon, 15:6; legs-

THE MILLARD CASE.

THE EXPERT EVIDENCE ALLOWED.

The Court Room Crowded Again-Conclusion of Prof. Prescott's Testimony Lengthy Argument.

The court room was crowded all day yesterday, and it proved to be the most interesting day since the trial has commenced. The attorneys are fighting, and taking advantage of every conceivable point, and a good deal of time was consumed in arguing as to the admissibility of certain testimony, allusion to which will be made further on. The morning session opened at nine o'clock sharp. The prosecution putting Dr. Prescott again on the stand, Mr. Marston for the defense objected to the testimony of the witness, as that of an expert, on the grounds of incompetency; that his knowledge of arsenical poisoning was obtained entirely from books; that the witness had had no practical experience in searching for arsenical poison, hence was disqualified as an expert. Judge Montgomery read from the rulings of other courts and explained his easons for holding the testimony admissable. Defense took an exception. PROF. PRESCOTT AGAIN.

PROV. PRESCOTT AGAIN.

The re-direct examination of Dr. Prescott was continued by Mr. Mitchell: In many cases two to three grains of arsenic will cause death. A dose of any size does not always necessarily prove fatal; if the arsenic was retained in the stomach it would not be true; if retained in the stomach four grains would be sufficient to cause death; if there were vomiting the dose would not be fatal; in general terms I call nine grains a fatal dose; when asked if the quantity of arsenic found in the portion of the liver and kidney analyzed, was sufficient to cause death. Mr. Marston objected, stating in his argument that "unless the prosecution could show that death was caused by arsenical poisoning evidence as to the amount necessary to produce death should not be admitted." The discussion between the counsel on this point discussion between the counsel on this point lasted over an hour, a recess was taken and upon reassembling the court ruled that the question could not be answered until the counsel had shown to the jury that arsenic had been administered prior to death. When this was shown testimony tending to show how much arsenic it would require to cause death would be competent.

Witness continued—I made a microscopical examination of the stomach and rectum for poison; for any kind of poison that could be detected; examined the contents of the stomach, scraped the linings and examined the findings. Very few poisons are in the discussion between the counsel on this point

metallic state, and none are able to be identified under the microscope as being

Re-cross-Did not examine the mucous membrane; put the scrapings under the microscope; saw no spots in the stomach; can't state positively the length of the piece of rectum sent me; think it was from six to twelve inches; cannot give the length of the rectum in a body; it is the larger bowel; the organs sent me were badly decomposed the e was a very strong odor of put efaction in both jars, stronger in the smaller jar; my memory is somewhat at fault as to whether there were spots in the stomach.

SUSAN BELL. Susan Bell was recalled and testified that the respondent was her second consin; had known him since he was a little boy; knew his wife after he had married her; knew of the death of his wife, and was present at her funeral: think she had been sick a week when I saw her first; I was there three or four times after that. Mr. Mars on objected to the question as to how she found Mrs. Millard at each of these visits, and desired to speak upon the question. The Court then took a recess until half-past one.

Afternoon Session.

Judge Marston occupied nearly an hour in presenting his argument, demanding that the testimony referring to the chemical analysis be stricken out, and cited decisions at some length, representing them to be analogous to the case in question. He was followed by Mr. Mitchell, who consumed some time in demonstrating that the testimony was competent. The Court took a recess for ten minutes, at the expiration of which Judge Montgomery decided that the evidence embracing the analysis was admissable. Susan Bell was again recalled and continued her testimony.

Susan Bell, recalled—Found her so she was able to converse freely; she was in bed; did not notice much difference in her appearance between the first time I visited her and the second; on the third visit, her hus-band was in the room with her when I arrived; she said she was better; there was other talk about her condition, mainly to the point that she was better, and that she had taken no medicine the night before; she drank a cup of tea while I was present; her sister-in-law gave it to ber; she complained of having a female weakness; she asked me to talk to her husband and the doctor about to talk to her husband and the doctor about it. (This answer was stricken out.) She complained of a terrible pain; she went into a spell, I and complained of pain all over her body; she was terribly drawn np; she lay on her left side, and asked me to hold her down on the bed; her hands were drawn up, also her knees; she would jerk for a while and lie still for a few moments, until the spell came on again; asked me to put hot clothes on her; I did so; put a bot towel on her stomach; the medicine administered was of a cream color; it was given in a capsule. of a cream color; it was given in a capsul-had been there nearly an hour; had a spehad been there nearly an hour; had a spell about twenty minutes after the medicine was given; thought that her limbs were a little cold and moist; she tried to vomit but could not, during the first cramping spell; she got up before taking the medicine; had the diarrhea; noticed the stool, there were traces of blood; when I left her she seemed to be better; her husband took my place; it was a quarter after five when I left; the other women that were there gave her a brandy sling.

brandy sling. Cross-examined-Did not notice that the brandy sling had any effect on her; when I went there first Mrs. Holbrook was there am not positive that it was her; did not know the ladies who were there; the next time I went there; was in there the day before she died; could not tell which lady came first; don't know whether anybody else came in

resided in the county nineteen or twenty years; am a widow; husband's name was David Workman; know the respondent; knew his wife ever since a babe; lived in Palo at the time of her death; she was about forty-six or forty-seven years of age at the time of her death; she was medium size, rather elender; lived, at the time of her death, about four or five blocks from her; was with her at last sickness, was there the day she died; also the night before; was there the forepart of the day she died; went there between 9 and 10 in the foreness; Mary Sunderland was with forested as the foreness; Mary Sunderland was with

OUR MOTTO, -"Hew to the line, let the hips fall where they will," SPRING & COMPANY.

THOUSANDS of dollars will be saved to our customers. SPRING & COMPANY.

Only look at the cheap goods, Prints, good styles, for 4 and 5 cents. Good yard-wide brown cotton, for only 25 yards of yard-wide sheeting for a

25 yards good Roller Crash Toweling 16 yards good Cotton Flannel for a dol-

Good Kentucky Jeans for 15, 20 and 25

You never saw so good for the money.
Hosiery also marked way down.
Heavy and good lengths for children and misses, as well as ladies, for 15, 20, 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents. We never knew these goods so chesp. In fact everything in the Hosiery Department is marked to correspond with the low prices prevailing throughout our entire establishment.

Spring & Company.

The largest bundles of dry goods for the least money ever known, freely ac-knowledged by purchasers, can be seen going out of our store every day in im mense quantities.

SPRING & COMPANY.

Ir we should advertise all the goods in our store that we are selling at the great reduction in price we could not attend to half the customers that would visit us. The prices at which we are selling all kinds of merchandise are attracting people from all over the country. Upward of eight thousand customers visited our store on Saturday.

SPRING & COMPANY.

SPRING & COMPANY.

SPRING & COMPANY.

SEAL CLOAKS.—We offer this week the entire balance of our stock of Seal Sacques at the lowest prices ever known. Garments that were \$150 for \$ 65.

175 for 90. 200 for 115. 225 for 140, 250 for 165.

We are fully determined to go out of the seal business, hence the extreme low prices we offer them.

FLANNELS for 9c, 12c, 15c, 17c, 20c, 25c. You never saw these goods so cheap. Woolen Blankets, Comfortables and the whole line suffer the same fate.

DRESS Goods.-Good Cashmeres for

23c and 25c. Ginghams for 5c, 7c and 9c. 100 pieces of new Brocade Dress Goods will be closed out at the extreme low price of Sixteen Yards for One Dollar. Another lot of those Worsted Brocades

for One Shilling. SPRING & COMPANY.

SPRING & COMPANT.

The great sale of Cloaks is in progress and will be continued until the entire stock is sold out. Newmarkets, Russian Circulars, Seal Plush Sacques, Misses and Children's Garments in great variety of qualities and styles at the most astonishing low prices.

CHRISTMAS

COMING

And Plenty of Men. Boys and Children are still without their New Winter Clothing. If you want a Suit made to your mensure, there is no time to wait. Place your order to-day. Or if you must have the goods to put right on we have them in Unlimited Quantity, Newest Styles, Latest Fabrics and the Best Workmanship. Our Custom work equal to the BEST Custom Work. Our Ready-Made is better than MOST Custom Work, Our Prices whether for Custom or Ready-Made are the Lowest in the City.

E. S. PIERCE,

Popular Tailor and Clothier,

UNDER TOWER CLOCK.

before I went away. Louisa Workman testified - Reside at Palo; have resided there three years; have resided in the county nineteen or twenty.

THOMAS& CRIPPEN

54 MONROE STREET.

An Elegant assertment of HATS, CAPS, Ladies' and Gentlemen's FURGOODS Jant Bereived for the